

A. JAMES CLARK SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

An Acoustic Emission Approach to Assess Remaining Useful Life of Aging Structures under Fatigue Loading

Mohammad Modarres Presented at the

4th Multifunctional Materials for Defense Workshop 28 August-1 September 2017, Arlington, VA

The Center for

Risk and Reliability

OFFICE OF NAVAL BEOPERIGHT® 2017, M. Modarres



Acknowledgments

The Team:

- 1. Mr. Huisung Yun (Current PhD candidate)
- 2. Ms. Christine Sauerbrunn (MS Student, Graduated)
- 3. Dr. Ali Kahirdeh (Postdoc)
- 4. Prof. Mohammad Modarres (PI)

Funding From: Office of Naval Research Under Dr. Ignacio Perez







- Introduction: Motivation and Objective
- Scope of Research
- Information Entropy (Stage 1)
- Excitation Loading (Stage 2)
- Conclusions



Introduction

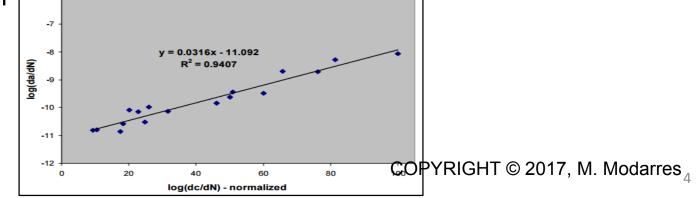


Motivation

- Full-scale fatigue testing and safelife methodology is employed to estimate aircraft fatigue life
 - Time demanding, expensive, and often leads to premature aircraft retirement
- Nondestructive evaluation methods are appropriate supplements to service life models
- Previous work has correlated acoustic emission (AE) signals to large crack growth

Objective

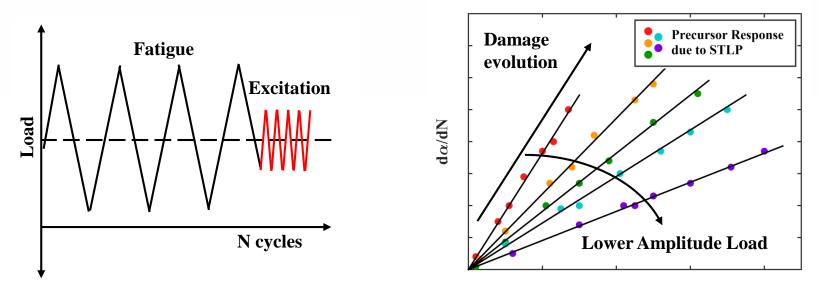
- Estimate Remaining Useful Life (RUL) based on behavior of some damage precursors in AE signals
 - Identify potential damage precursors in AE signals and correlate to fatigue damage both prior to and after a visible crack has initiated
 - Observe behaviors of damage precursors during short excitation loading or small vibrations







- Stage 1: Identify damage precursors attributed to microcracks prior to visible damage (crack initiation)
- Stage 2: Observe behaviors of damage precursors during short-term, high-frequency, excitation loading

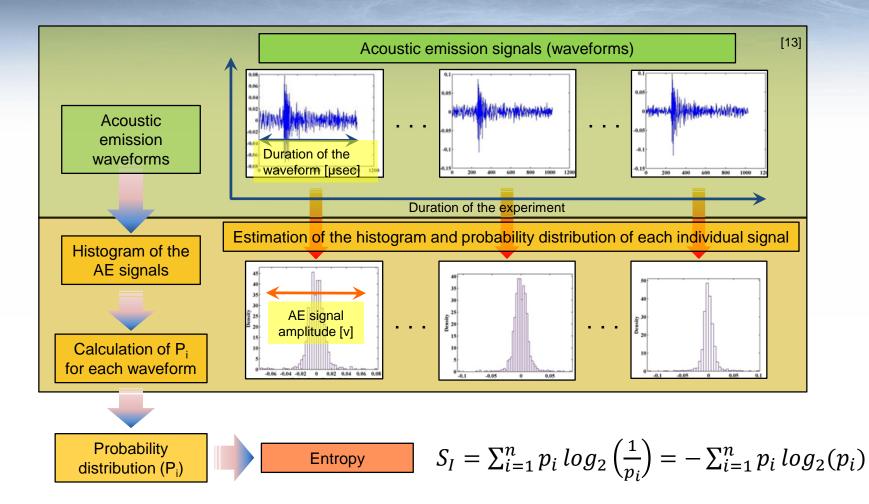


N Cyles STLP = Short-term loading proceeding for the set of the se



Stage 1: Information Entropy Analysis Procedure

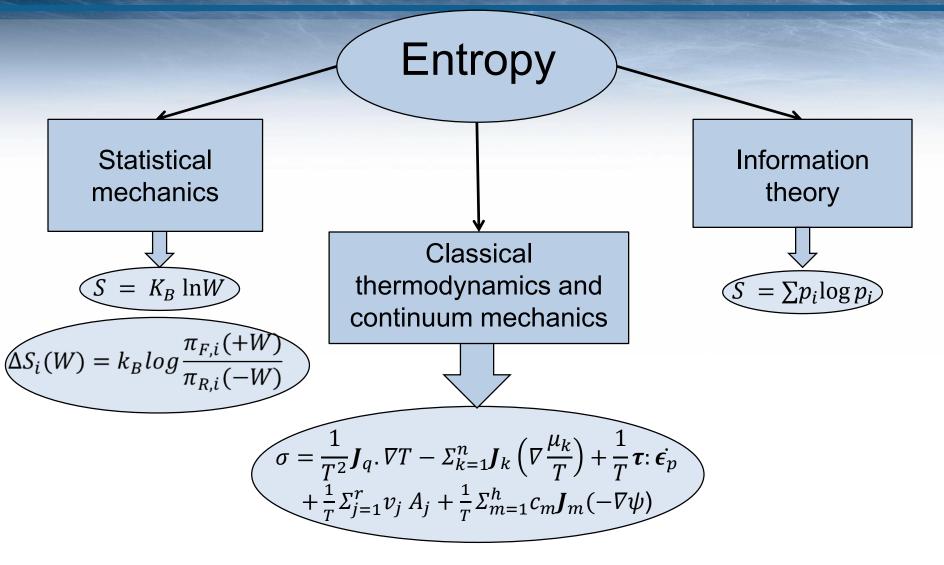




[13] Ali Kahirdeh, Christine Sauerbrunn, Mohammad Modarres, Proceedings of the 35th International Workshop on Bayesian Inference and Maximum Entropy Methods in Science and Engineering, MaxEnt_2015, Potsdam, NY, 2015 COPYRIGHT © 2017, M. Modarres



Roproaches to quantify entropy



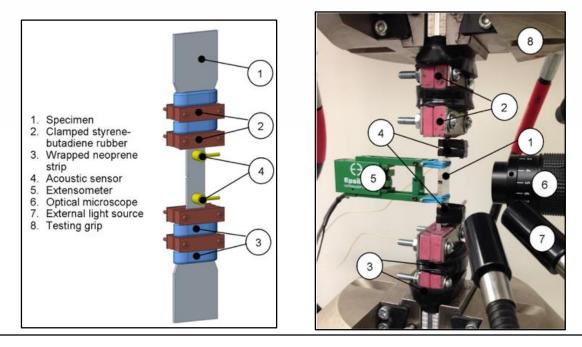


Stage 1: Information Entropy Material & Test Setup



Material / Specimen: Al alloy 7075-T6 / Dogbone ASTM E466

Element	AI	Zn	Mg	Cu	Cr	Fe	Mn	Si	Ti	V	Zr	Others ^[14]
Composition [wt%]	89.7	5.7	2.6	1.4	0.2	0.15	0.08	0.06	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.05
Material Property	Ultimate Strength [MPa]				Yield Strength [MPa]				Elastic Modulus [GPa]			
Property Value	587				538				67.8			



- Dogbone specimen with round notch (1 mm)

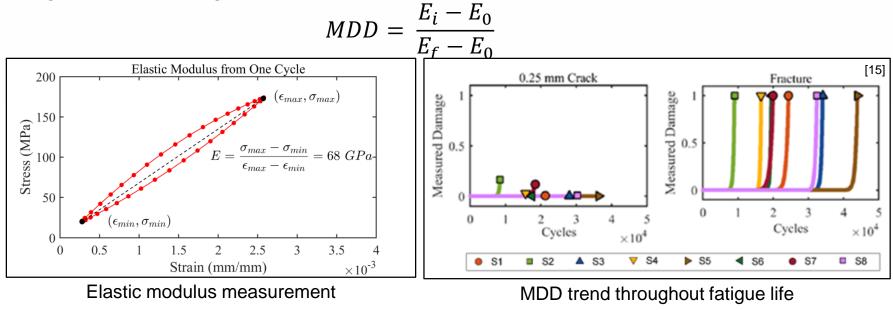
- Eraser and neoprene rubber bands were used for mechanical damper for AE signal noise reduction

[14] Sauerbrunn, Christine M., et al. "Damage Assessment Using Information Entropy of Individual Acoustic Emission Waveforms during Cyclic Fatigue Loading." Applied Sciences 7.6 (2017): 562 COPYRIGHT © 2017, M. Modarres





- Physical damage is assumed and computed by using modulus degradation
 - Assumes that structural degradation is reflected as a decrease in elastic modulus
 - Normalizes modulus to compare trends between tests to yield modulus degradation damage (MDD)

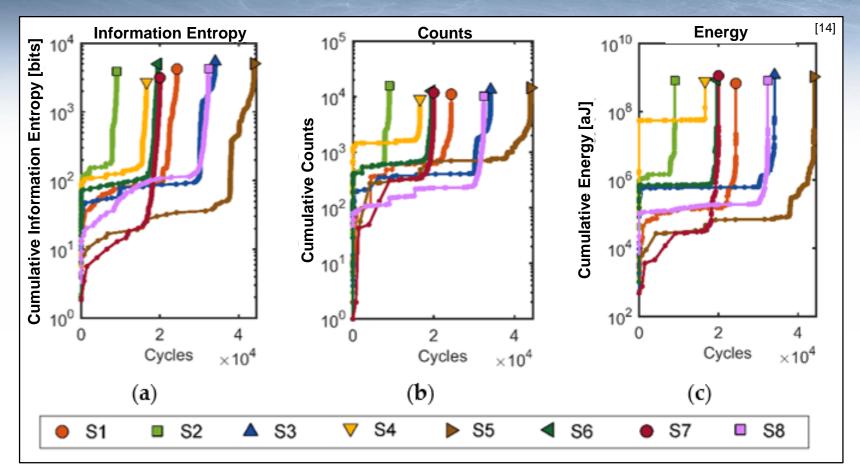


[15] Christine M. Sauerbrunn, Evaluation of Information Entropy from Acoustic Emission Waveforms as a Fatigue Damage Metric for Al7075-T6, 2016, University of Maryland, Master of Science Thesis COPYRIGHT © 2017, M. Modarres



Stage 1: Information Entropy vs. Cumulative AE Features

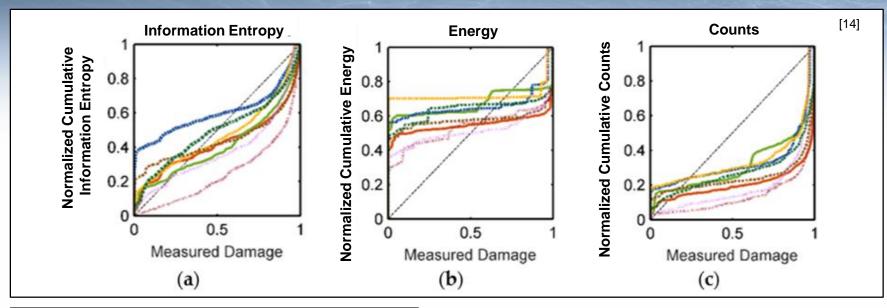


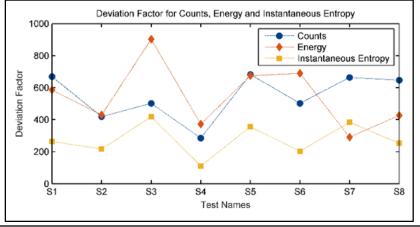


⇒ The cumulative features were normalized for comparing with measured damage

[14] Sauerbrunn, Christine M., et al. "Damage Assessment Using Information Entropy of Individual Acoustic Emission Waveforms during Cyclic Fatigue Loading." *Applied Sciences* 7.6 (2017): 562 COPYRIGHT © 2017, M. Modarres







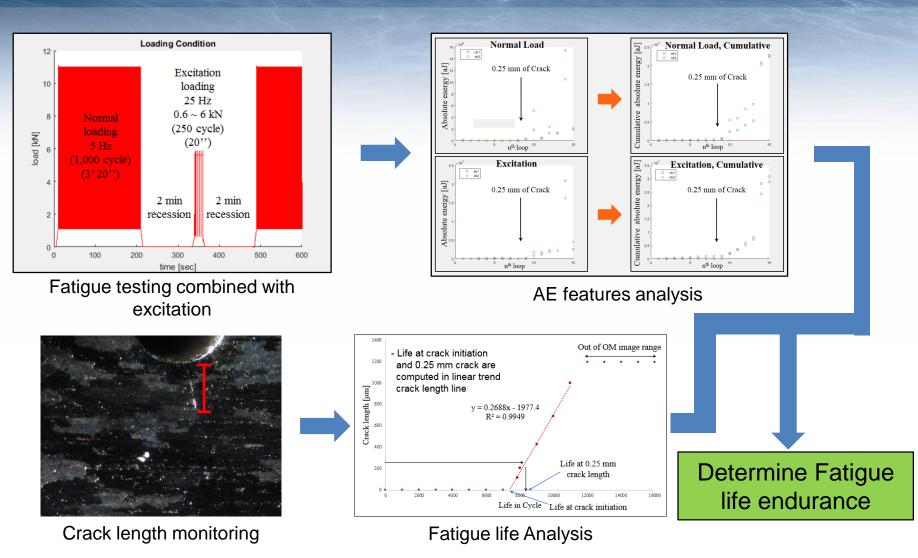
- The correlation results were evaluated with deviation factor
- The information entropy is closer than raw AE features

[14] Sauerbrunn, Christine M., et al. "Damage Assessment Using Information Entropy of Individual Acoustic Emission Waveforms during Cyclic Fatigue Loading." Applied Sciences 7.6 (2017): 562 COPYRIGHT © 2017, M. Modarres



Stage 2: Excitation Loading Analysis Procedure





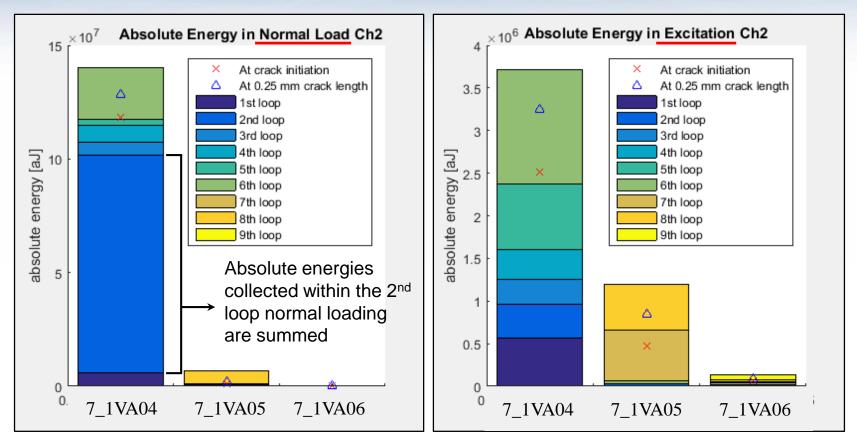
COPYRIGHT © 2017, M. Modarres₂



Stage 2: Excitation Loading Fatigue Failure Endurance



• AE features summed up to the point of determined fatigue life



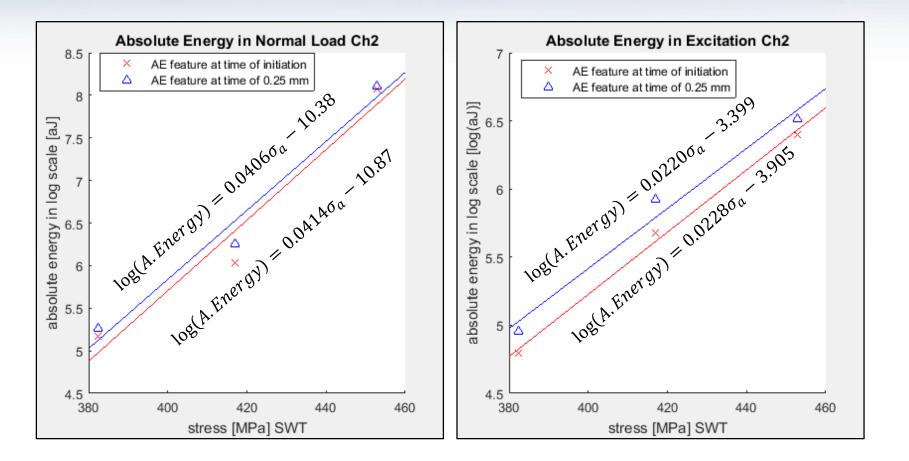
COPYRIGHT © 2017, M. Modarres



Stage 2: Excitation Loading Endurance vs. Stress



The cumulative features at failure versus stress are correlated



COPYRIGHT © 2017, M. Modarres



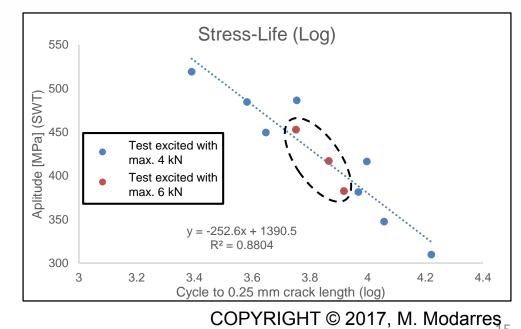
Stage 2: Excitation Loading Proving Tests



- Additional tests with more spanning stress condition
 - Tested with lower excitation loading condition (max.: 4 kN) to mitigate possible damage from excitation
 - Less consistency seen at low loading excitation conditions

Stress-life curve: damage in excitation

- No difference in test groups with two excitation condition
- Excitation loading has insignificant contribution to damage
- Additional tests near 6 kN underway







- AE Features are good NDT surrogates for fatigue damage
- Two methods for AE signal analyses were investigated:
 - Information Entropy
 - AE waveform collected from a series of fatigue test were computed in information entropy
 - Information entropy and raw AE features uniquely correlate with normalized fatigue damage (MDD)
 - Excitation with AE Features
 - AE features collected from excitation has similar pattern to those of actual fatigue loading
 - Endurance to fatigue failure is determined with log-linear AE absolute energy
 - Excitation loading requires proper amplitude to reflect damage level 17, M. Modarres 16



Publications



Journal Papers

- Kahirdeh A, Sauerbrunn C, Yun H, Modarres M, A Parametric Approach to Estimation of the Acoustic Entropy during the Fatigue, International Journal of Fatigue, Vol. 100, Part 1, July 2017, p. 229-237
- Christine M. Sauerbrunn, Ali Kahirdeh, Huisung Yun, Mohammad Modarres, Damage Assessment Using Information Entropy of Individual Acoustic Emission Waveforms during Cyclic Fatigue Loading, *Applied Sciences* 7.6, 2017

Thesis

- Sauerbrunn C, Evaluating information entropy from acoustic emission waveforms as a fatigue damage metric for Al7075-T6. M.S. thesis, 2016, Department of Mechanical Engineering, University of Maryland, College Park, MD



Publications, Cont.



- CONFERENCE PAPERS

- Kahirdeh A, Sauerbrunn C, Modarres M (2015) Acoustic emission entropy as a measure of damage in materials. 35th International Workshop on Bayesian Inference and Maximum Entropy Methods in Science and Engineering, Potsdam, NY
- Sauerbrunn C, Modarres M (2015) Effects of material variation on acoustic emissions-based, large-crack growth model. 5th American Society for Nondestructive Testing Spring Research Symposium, New Orleans, LA
- Sauerbrunn C, Modarres M (2016) Estimating fatigue damage with acoustic emission entropy prior to a visible crack. Nondestructive Evaluation of Aerospace Materials and Structure, St. Louis, MO
- Kahirdeh A, Sauerbrunn C, Yun H, Modarres M (2016) Can energy dissipation and entropy production characterize damage evolution in loaded solid materials? 36th International Workshop on Bayesian Inference and Maximum Entropy Methods in Science and Engineering, Ghent, Belgium COPYRIGHT © 2017, M. Modarres.





- A. Kahirdeh, H. Yun, C. Sauerbrunn, M. Amiri, M. Modarres, Feature Extraction of the Acoustic Signals for Monitoring the Fatigue Damage of the Materials, International Conference on Fatigue Damage of Structural Material XI, Sep. 18-23, 2016, MA, USA
 - H. Yun, C. Sauerbrunn, A. Kahirdeh, M. Modarres, Damage Precursors from Acoustic Emission Parameters from Fatigue Loading, 14th International Conference on Fracture (ICF 14), June 18-23, 2017, Rhodes, Greece
 - Huisung Yun, Ali Kahirdeh, Christine M. Sauerbrunn, Mohammad Modarres, Entropic Approaches to Measuring Damage with Applications to Fatigue Failure and Structural Reliability, RAMS2018, Jan. 22-25, 2018, Nevada, USA (under review)